

The Adams Sentinel.

A Family Journal---Devoted to Foreign and Domestic News, Politics, Literature, Agriculture, Education, Morality, Science and Art, Amusement, Advertising, &c. &c.

At \$2.00 per annum, in advance--
Or \$2.50, if not paid within the year.

ROBERT G. HARPER, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Advertisements \$1 per square for 3 weeks,
25 cents per square for each continuance.

"RESIST WITH CARE THE SPIRIT OF INNOVATION UPON THE PRINCIPLES OF YOUR GOVERNMENT, HOWEVER SPECIOUS THE PRETEXT."--Washington.

VOL. LII.

GETTYSBURG, PA., MONDAY, OCTOBER 25, 1852.

NO. 51.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.

BY virtue of a Deed of Voluntary Assignment, to the benefit of creditors of JACOB NORBECK, of the Borough of Gettysburg, the undersigned will sell at Public Sale, the following Real Estate of said Norbeck, viz:

On Friday the 29th day of October, inst., at 12 o'clock, P. M., on the premises,

A VALUABLE FARM,

situate in Mountjoy township, Adams county, Pa., containing

107 ACRES,

more or less, adjoining properties of Daniel Shaffer, Isaac Litzinger, and others. The improvements are a two-story frame weather-boarded

DWELLING,

with a two-story back-building, a good frame barn, wagon-shed, corn crib, Hog-pen, and all other necessary outbuildings. There is a fine well of water, with a good pump in it, convenient to the dwelling, and another in the barn yard. There is also a variety of

CHOICE FRUIT

of various kinds on the premises. About 21 Acres are in good 7th timber, about 20 Acres in first-rate meadow, and the balance cleared and under good cultivation.

The above Property lies on the turnpike leading from Gettysburg to Baltimore, about 3 miles from Gettysburg. It is well situated in convenient fields, and is well watered. "White Run" passing through it. It is in a high state of cultivation, the whole being under good Chestnut tanning, and all the improvements in first-rate order. The neighborhood is as moral and pleasant a one as can be found in the county, and everything connected with the property is well calculated to make it one of the most pleasant and desirable residences in this section of the country.

Persons wishing to view the property, can do so by calling on Peter Peitler, residing thereon, or on Jacob Norbeck, residing in Gettysburg.

On Saturday the 30th of October, inst., at 12 o'clock, P. M., on the premises,

all the Real Estate of said Jacob Norbeck, in Gettysburg, to wit:

No. 1. A Lot of Ground,

fronting 60 feet on South Baltimore street, adjoining properties of John South, on the south, and the heirs of -- Allison, on the north, on which are erected a good two-story brick

DWELLING,

also a 11 story Brick Dwelling, with frame back Building. There is a well of water near the kitchen door with a pump in it, a never-failing hydrant of water in the front yard, and a variety of superior FRUIT TREES on the premises. This lot can be conveniently divided, so as to have a dwelling on each. The entire property is in first-rate order, and so arranged as to make it one of the most pleasant residences in the Borough.

No. 2. A Lot of Ground,

containing about 12 Acres, adjoining Lot No. 1 on the west, on which are erected a good double frame barn, with threshing floor, sheds, Hog-pen, and a first rate

SHOP,

suitable for any mechanical purpose.

No. 3. A Lot of Ground,

fronting 75 feet on Washington street, and running back to an alley, bounded on the north by property of George Tow, and on the south by an alley.

No. 4. A Lot of Ground,

containing about 12 Acres, adjoining Lot No. 1 on the west, on which are erected a good double frame barn, with threshing floor, sheds, Hog-pen, and a first rate

SHOP,

suitable for any mechanical purpose.

No. 5. A Lot of Ground,

containing about 12 Acres, adjoining Lot No. 1 on the west, on which are erected a good double frame barn, with threshing floor, sheds, Hog-pen, and a first rate

SHOP,

suitable for any mechanical purpose.

No. 6. A Lot of Ground,

containing about 12 Acres, adjoining Lot No. 1 on the west, on which are erected a good double frame barn, with threshing floor, sheds, Hog-pen, and a first rate

SHOP,

suitable for any mechanical purpose.

No. 7. A Lot of Ground,

containing about 12 Acres, adjoining Lot No. 1 on the west, on which are erected a good double frame barn, with threshing floor, sheds, Hog-pen, and a first rate

SHOP,

suitable for any mechanical purpose.

No. 8. A Lot of Ground,

containing about 12 Acres, adjoining Lot No. 1 on the west, on which are erected a good double frame barn, with threshing floor, sheds, Hog-pen, and a first rate

SHOP,

suitable for any mechanical purpose.

No. 9. A Lot of Ground,

containing about 12 Acres, adjoining Lot No. 1 on the west, on which are erected a good double frame barn, with threshing floor, sheds, Hog-pen, and a first rate

SHOP,

suitable for any mechanical purpose.

No. 10. A Lot of Ground,

containing about 12 Acres, adjoining Lot No. 1 on the west, on which are erected a good double frame barn, with threshing floor, sheds, Hog-pen, and a first rate

SHOP,

suitable for any mechanical purpose.

No. 11. A Lot of Ground,

containing about 12 Acres, adjoining Lot No. 1 on the west, on which are erected a good double frame barn, with threshing floor, sheds, Hog-pen, and a first rate

SHOP,

suitable for any mechanical purpose.

No. 12. A Lot of Ground,

containing about 12 Acres, adjoining Lot No. 1 on the west, on which are erected a good double frame barn, with threshing floor, sheds, Hog-pen, and a first rate

SHOP,

suitable for any mechanical purpose.

No. 13. A Lot of Ground,

containing about 12 Acres, adjoining Lot No. 1 on the west, on which are erected a good double frame barn, with threshing floor, sheds, Hog-pen, and a first rate

SHOP,

suitable for any mechanical purpose.

No. 14. A Lot of Ground,

containing about 12 Acres, adjoining Lot No. 1 on the west, on which are erected a good double frame barn, with threshing floor, sheds, Hog-pen, and a first rate

SHOP,

suitable for any mechanical purpose.

Notice is hereby Given,

To all the Heirs & Legal Representatives of

JACOB FICKES,

late of Huntington township, Adams county, Pa., deceased, to wit: A widow named Sarah, and issue, none children, to wit: Mary Fickes, Lydia, intermarried with Andrew Cawthorne, Eli Fickes, Ann, intermarried with Benjamin K. Peffer, Margaret, intermarried with Franklin Myers, Jonathan Fickes, Rosanna Fickes, Ellen Fickes and Sarah Elizabeth Fickes, the two last named of whom are minors, and have for their guardian Benjamin K. Peffer--that an

INQUEST

will be held on Monday the 29th day of October, next at 10 o'clock A. M., on the premises, upon the following property, to wit:

A Tract of Land, situate in Huntington township, Adams county, containing about One Hundred and sixty-one Acres, adjoining lands of William Lee, Abraham Fickes, Abraham Myers, and others, on which are erected a one and a half-story Log House, Log Barn, Log Shop, and other improvements.

To make partition of said premises and among the heirs and legal representatives of the said deceased, if the same will admit of partition without prejudice to or spoiling the whole tract, but if the same will not admit of such partition, then to inquire how many of the said heirs it will conveniently accommodate, and part and divide the same to and amongst as many of them as the same will accommodate; but if the same will not admit of division at all, without prejudice to or spoiling the whole tract, then to value and appraise the same whole and undivided.

JOHN SCOTT, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Gettysburg, Pa., Sept. 27, 1852.

NOTICE.

THE undersigned, appointed Auditor to make distribution of the balance remaining in the hands of John Hoover, Administrator of the estate of GEORGE GULLEN, deceased, with and without interest, at his office in Gettysburg, on Wednesday the 27th day of October, inst., at 10 o'clock of said day--when and where all persons interested are requested to attend.

WM. B. McLELLAN, Auditor.

Oct. 4.

NOTICE.

THE undersigned, appointed Auditor to make distribution of the balance remaining in the hands of Ephraim Swope, Executor of the last will and testament of SOLOMON S. FINLEY, Esq., deceased, will attend for that purpose at his office in Gettysburg, on Saturday the 30th of October, inst., at 10 o'clock of said day--when and where all persons interested are requested to attend.

D. B. BUEHLER, Auditor.

Sept. 27.

TURNPIKE DIVIDEND.

THE President and Managers of the York and Gettysburg Turnpike Road Company have declared a Dividend of TWO PER CENT., payable on or after the 15th inst.

GEORGE SWOPE, Asst. Treas.

Oct. 11.

BUTCHERING.

THE subscriber having lately commenced the Butchering business, in the Borough of Gettysburg, respectfully informs his friends that he is at all times ready to supply them with fresh meat, of the usual varieties, such as Beef, Veal, Mutton, Lamb, &c. His slaughter house is upon the corner of Washington and Railroad streets. Thankful for the liberal encouragement hitherto received, he respectfully solicits a continuance of the public patronage.

Persons having live stock to dispose of will please call upon the undersigned, who will pay the highest market price for the same.

ROBERT HAMERLY.

Sept. 29.

WINTER IS COMING,

AND New Arrivals are ready for him: his Clothing Store is as usual filled with a large variety of ready-made clothing of the best styles and qualities, suitable for Winter wear, such as: Dress Coats, Overcoats, Sack Coats, Pants, Vests, Monks Jackets, Currying Shirts, &c.: all of which he will sell cheaper than the same quality can be purchased anywhere else in the county. Also, on hand and for sale a great variety of Cloths, Cassimeres and Satinets, of every style and of the best qualities, from which he will have men's and boys' clothing of all descriptions made by the best of workmen and at the shortest notice.

Sept. 31.

Candy at \$12.50 per 100 lbs.

Warranted to keep in any Climate.

CLARKE & JONES,

(Successors to Joseph R. Mann.)

MANUFACTURERS OF Steam Re-frigerated Candy, Sugar Toys, &c. and whole-sale dealers in Foreign Fruits, Nuts, Cigars, Syrups, Cordials, &c.

No. 20, Light Street, Baltimore, Md.

Particular attention given to orders, and a list of articles, with prices annexed, furnished to order.

Aug. 2.

KEEP it before the people, that MARCUS SAMSON, has just received a large assortment of OVERCOATS of every description ever offered in the County, and at prices that will not only please, but really astonish. Give him a call before purchasing.

SWISS and Munich Edgings and Insertions, Flowering, Chemises, French Worked and Thread Collars, and Fine Embroidered Linen Cambric Handkerchiefs, cheap at

FAHNSTOCK & S.

Oct. 13.

QUEENSWARE, Celadons, and Groceries, and Dry Goods, cheap at

FAHNSTOCK & S.

Oct. 18.

BONNET Silk and Velvet, also a beautiful stock of Ribbons for sale cheap at

FAHNSTOCK & S.

Oct. 18.

GLOVES and Hosiery, Black and Fancy Caps, Hats, Ladies' Shoes, Cloth and Plush Caps, cheap at

FAHNSTOCK & S.

Oct. 13.

CHARPENTIER, and Floor Oil Cloth can be had very low at

A. B. KURTZ.

Oct. 13.

SHAWLS, Sacking, Flannels, Fringes, and Dress Trimmings in great variety, and cheap

FAHNSTOCK & S.

Oct. 13.

REMEMBER that to get cheap Groceries, Groceries, Groceries, and Groceries, cheap at

FAHNSTOCK & S.

Oct. 13.

TO ARMS--TO ARMS--A general assortment of Revolvers, Double and Single Barrel Pistols, can be had at

SAMSON'S.

Sept. 24.

Choice Poetry.

JUDGE NOT.

Judge not!—though I doubt of seeming guilt may dimly border's name.

For late may throw suspicion's shade upon the brightest name;

Thou canst not tell what hidden chain of circumstance may

Have wrought the sad result that takes an honest name away.

Judge not!

Judge not!—the vilest criminal may rightfully demand

A chance to clear himself before a jury of his land;

And surely one who never was known to break his pledged word,

Should not be hastily condemned to obloquy, unheard.

Judge not!

Judge not!—thou canst not tell how soon the look of bitter scorn

May rest on thee, though pure thy heart as dew-drops in the morn.

Thou dost not know what freak of fate may place upon thy brow

A cloud of shame to kill the joy that rests upon it now.

Judge not!

Judge not!—but rather in thy heart let gentle pity dwell;

Man's judgments err, but there is One who "doeth all things well."

Ever, throughout the voyage of life, this precept keep in view--

"Do unto others as thou wouldst that they should do to you."

Judge not!

Judge not!—for one unjust reproach an honest heart can feel

As keenly as the deadly stab made by the pointed steel.

The worm will kill the sturdy oak though slowly it may do.

As surely as the lightning stroke swift rushing from the sky.

Judge not!

ONWARD AND UPWARD.

"Onward and upward!" Darkening clouds

May gather round my way;

Love's friends may from my side be torn,

And cherished hopes decay;

Yet this shall be my steady course,

Alike through good and ill.

Let sun or storm, or storm winds blow,

Onward and upward still.

Oh! has my flaming path sunk

Beneath the lower land?

And trembled at the deepening gloom

Around me gathering fast?

The time of darkness now is o'er,

New thoughts my bosom fill.

Forward I calmly look, and press

Onward and upward still.

Father in Heaven, to Thee I turn;

Help me awhile to bear

Unnumbering in this vale of tears,

The weight of toil and care;

Help me to feel, to trust thy love,

To do thy holy will.

And lead me, till my life shall end,

Onward and upward still.

Onward and upward still.

Onward and upward still.

Onward and upward still.

Onward and upward still.

Onward and upward still.

Onward and upward still.

Onward and upward still.

Onward and upward still.

Onward and upward still.

Onward and upward still.

Onward and upward still.

Onward and upward still.

Onward and upward still.

Onward and upward still.

Onward and upward still.

Onward and upward still.

Onward and upward still.

Onward and upward still.

The Wife's Universal Rival.

It must ever be borne in mind that man's love, even in its happiest exercise, is not like woman's; for while she employs herself through every hour in fondly weaving one beloved image into all her thoughts, he gives to her comparatively few of his; and these, perhaps, neither the loftiest nor the best. It is a wise beginning, then, for every married woman to make up her mind to be forgotten through the greater part of every day; to make up her mind to many rivals, to, in her husband's attentions, to not in his love; and among these I would mention one, whose claims it is folly to dispute, since no remonstrances or representations on her part will ever be able to render less attractive the charms of this competitor—I mean the newspaper, of whose absorbing interest some wives are weak enough to evince a sort of childish jealousy, when they ought rather to congratulate themselves that their most formidable rival is one of paper.—Mr. Ellis's Wives of England.

The following conversation is said to have occurred between a venerable old lady, and a certain quondam presiding judge of this county. The learned disciple of Blackstone was supported on his right and left by his worthy associates, when Mrs. P. was called up to give evidence.

"Take off your bonnet, Madam!"

"I had rather not, Sir."

"But, Madam, I insist upon it, take off your bonnet, I say!"

"In public assemblies, women generally cover their heads. Such is the custom elsewhere, and therefore, I'll not take off my bonnet!"

"Do you hear that, gentlemen? She pretends to know more about these matters than the Judge himself! Had you not, madam, better come and take a seat upon the bench?"

"No, Sir, I thank you, for I really think there are old women enough there already."

—*Un. Atlas.*

A certain judge, rather elevated with the juice of the grape, entered a barber's shop a few weeks since to get shaved. After the business was accomplished he tendered the barber sixpence for his labor, who took it and returned three cents change.

"How is this?" exclaimed his Honor.

"You have always charged me sixpence for shaving, and here you have taken out but three cents."

"True," replied the barber, "but this time you were half-shaved when you came in."

"Did you say, sir, that you considered Mr. Smith insane?" asked a lawyer of a witness in a criminal case. "Yes, sir, I did."

"Upon what grounds did you base that inference?" "Why, I lent him a silk umbrella and five dollars in money, and he returned them both—and a man that will act so strangely as that, I think must be crazy."

A fellow, laboring along the turnpike under a heavy load of lumber, was asked what made him stagger so, and gave this answer. "Why—hic—I—hic—I pay road tax and want to get the worth of my—hic—money by taking a longer route, that's the reason I walk crosswise. Hic—do you see?"

Mr. Sigbee, you said the defendant was in love, how do you know that?" "He reads a novel upside down, and writes poetry in his day book when it should be cheese."

"Any other reason?" "Yes, sir, he shaves without lather, and very frequently mistakes the sleeves of his coat for the legs of his pantaloons, an error that he don't discover till he tries to fasten the tails to his suspenders." The prisoner was sent up "for the balance of the season."

The Rev. Mr. Steward advised three questions to be put to ourselves before speaking evil of a man—First, is it true? Second, is it kind? Third, is it necessary?

Shocking!—to render a second-story window for two hours, and then to tell that the young woman "what used to live here has removed round the next corner."

The Chinese tailors do not take measures like the Europeans, though they can make clothes exact enough to a pattern. An American captain at Canton wishing to have a new coat, sent the proper quantity of cloth, with an old coat as a pattern, to a tradesman of the place. It unlikely happened that the old coat had a large patch at one of the elbows, and this defect was carefully copied by the Chinese, to the no small mortification of his employer.

I never seen the day when, if I were to fall out with men with whom I had been friendly, I would expose to public gaze their private and confidential letters to me. No man would do it but one who is lost to all sense of honor and shame.—*Brownlee.*

You may plunge an ambitious man into politics till he forgets conscience, into business till he forgets death, and into philosophy till he forgets God, but nothing can make him forget "Now I lay me." A first little prayer that a patient mother taught his lying innocence.

A Good One.—The Toledo Blade tells the story of a chap on their road, who, apprehending a collision of the cars, put his life-preserver on, blew it up, and, leaving his luck against the side of the car, resigned himself to his fate.

Why is a man ascending Vesuvius like an Irishman trying to kiss a pretty girl? Because he wants to get to the crater's mouth.

A Creditor's Stratagem.

A week or two ago, four creditors started from Boston in the same train of cars, for the purpose of attaching the property of a certain debtor

From the Philadelphia Gazette.

We have already stated, in a candid and convincing manner, the causes which mainly produced our late temporary defeat in this State. They are obvious to every one who is willing to understand the case fairly. Further explanations are unnecessary. The best and most satisfactory justification of our conclusions will be rendered through the ballot-box a fortnight hence. In the mean time, it is only necessary to say that the aggregate popular vote is between thirty and forty thousand short, and, as usual, nearly two-thirds of this is chargeable to the supineness or the neglect of Whigs, who with efficient exertion might have carried the State. It is only necessary to our friends to feel their full strength, in order to realize how much they are capable of accomplishing, and what results are subject to their control. By way of illustrating the views already presented, and of exhibiting the singular but periodical failure of the Whigs to turn out at the local elections, we propose to revive a few official figures for information, taking the State and Presidential contests of 1840 and 1848, when we carried Pennsylvania, as the premises for the comparison to be instituted and applied in the present instance:

| | | |
|-------------------------------------|---------|--|
| 1840. | | |
| Aggregate Dem. vote, State election | 133,160 | |
| Do do Presidential | 143,072 | |
| Increase at Presidential | 10,212 | |
| Aggregate Whig vote, State election | 128,262 | |
| Do do Presidential | 141,921 | |
| Increase at Presidential | 16,059 | |

It will be seen that the Whigs increased their total vote nearly six thousand more than the Democrats, in this short space of time. Now for the other illustration:

| | | |
|-------------------------------------|---------|--|
| 1848. | | |
| Aggregate Dem. vote, State election | 168,221 | |
| Do do Presidential | 171,176 | |
| Increase at Presidential | 2,955 | |
| Aggregate Whig vote, State election | 168,523 | |
| Do do Presidential | 185,513 | |
| Increase at Presidential | 18,990 | |

The Democrats, by these figures, pulled within three thousand of their entire vote at the State election in 1848; while the Whigs, notwithstanding the personal canvass of Gov. Johnston and the unusual interest which it excited, were within a fraction of seventeen thousand short, just as they were in 1840. The plain truth is, the Democrats always vote, however unimportant the election may be, while—in this State particularly—the Whigs can only be drawn out by some stirring occasion. And this, in a word, explains the real reason of our repeated defeats, when local offices and honors were the only objects of competition.

Now, from this plain showing, allowing only for the natural increase of party strength since 1848, the Whigs are entirely capable of carrying Pennsylvania on the 2d of November. In these estimates and reflections we have purposely kept out of view the thousands of accessions which Gen. Scott will attract from the Opposition. There is hardly a township in the State which will not furnish its quota to make up a large aggregate to ensure a triumphant majority. Our object has been to demonstrate that the Whigs, of themselves, and unaided, can achieve a handsome victory, which will be doubly confirmed by the numbers of honest Democrats who are now flocking to the standard of Scott and the Union.

The old Keystone still good for Scott. In October, 1848, Israel Painter was elected Canal Commissioner in Pennsylvania by a majority of 2,630. In Nov. Taylor beat Painter's maj. 18,930.

Difference between Oct. and Nov. 21,219. Taylor's v. exceeded Gov. Johnston's 17,537. Van Buren received 11,263. Give half this vote to Taylor, it makes 23,168.

The Whig gain in three weeks 23,168. The recent Whig vote in Pennsylvania is about 50,000 short. Such is the difference between State and National elections in Pennsylvania. The men and the issues are totally different. Scott's personal popularity and the popularity of the Whig measures, Tariff, Internal Improvements, and Distribution, will produce the same effect in 1852 that occurred in 1848. One-third Taylor's gain will elect Scott. "Wait till November."—*A Pennsylvania Democrat.*

Of President Fillmore, the Knickerbocker relates the following story:

"Two darkies, one Sunday morning, were standing at a corner of Willard's Hotel in Washington, when a discussion arose concerning our President's military experience. One was sure that Mr. Fillmore fought the battles of Mexico; the other, that it was Gen. Taylor. 'Now I tell you what I do,' said the Fillmore adherent: 'I bet you half a dollar on it, and when Massa Fillmore come along here I ax him.' Pretty soon the President and his wife came by, on their way from church; and when opposite the hotel, he was accosted by the darkie: 'Massa Fillmore, please, sah, want to ax you a question, sah?' 'Certainly, my man,' said the President, stopping to listen. 'Massa Fillmore, please, sah, didn't you fight de battle of Mexico?' 'O, no,' replied Mr. Fillmore, 'that was General Taylor who was in the Mexican war.' 'O, yes, sah; I only wanted to know, sah; General Taylor? Cank you, sah; had a little bet on it—half a dollar, sah?' 'What an outrage—what a 'plum' for police reporters—would a similar interruption of a reigning monarch have been in Europe?'"

Drifted Gale—Shipwrecked and Loss of Life. Boston, Oct. 20.—Accounts have reached here from Prince Edward's Island, stating that a terrible gale occurred there recently. Twenty-four fishing vessels were driven ashore at the east end of the Island. Two of them were completely wrecked and sunk. All hands aboard perished.

Escape of Slaves from Washington County. On Friday night last, twenty-six slaves, the property of Mr. Elias Cheney, of Frankstown, and Mr. Alexander Mitchell, of Hagerstown, Md., ran off. The People's Own says the greater part of the slaves belong to Mr. Cheney, and will be a heavy loss to him, as they are nearly all grown persons.

A drunkard in Cincinnati attempted to whip his wife; she proved the strongest, tied him, and marched him off to the watch-house.

Scott in the Hour of Victory.

Upon the eventful day when Gen. Scott entered the city of Mexico he issued the following congratulations and injunctions to the gallant army under his command:

"Under the favor of God, the valor of the army, after many glorious victories, has lifted the colors of our country in the capital of Mexico, and on the palace of its Government. The honor of the army and the honor of our country call for the best behavior on the part of all. The valiant must, to obtain the approbation of God, and country, be sober, orderly and merciful. His noble brethren in arms will not be deaf to this appeal from their commander and friend."

And on the evening of the same day he addressed the troops in this becoming language:

"The General-in-Chief calls upon his brethren in arms to return, both in public and private worship, thanks and gratitude to God for the signal triumph which they have recently achieved for their country. Beginning with the 19th of August, and ending the 14th inst., this army has gallantly fought its way through the fields and forts of Contreras, San Antonio, Churubusco, Molino del Rey, Chapultepec, and the capital of Mexico. When the very limited number who have performed such brilliant deeds shall have become known, the world will be astonished and our countrymen filled with joy and admiration."

We look in vain over the pages of ancient or modern history, remarks the U. S. Gazette, for any parallel to these impressive and touching appeals in the hour of triumph. They were the spontaneous promptings of a noble soul, humbled before God, when man's proud nature was most prone to be presumptuous of its own prowess, and mindful of moral duty, before every suggestion of personal gratification. Of the many laurels which decorate the brow of Winfield Scott, there is not one which will bloom longer or be more cherished by posterity than this which commemorates humanity moderating the spirit of victory.

Mortality at Sea.—Vessels, both steam and sail, plying between the Isthmus and California, have, of late, presented many shocking scenes of sickness and mortality among the passengers—the causes, excessive crowding, bad fare, and shortness of provisions. The last arrival brings us a melancholy record of deaths, sickness, and suffering on board of various vessels. One, the barque Archibald Traill, which left Panama on the 7th of March last, reached San Francisco on the 10th of September. She was sixty-five days in going to San Francisco from San Blas, into which latter port she had been obliged to put in distress. She was three days endeavoring to reach it, and during that period, nineteen deaths occurred on board. On the voyage from San Blas to San Francisco the sufferings of the passengers from want of water and food were terrible, and eighteen of them died in consequence. On arriving at San Francisco twelve were taken to the hospital, fearfully reduced by fever.

Fatal Result of Gambling.—The weekly report of deaths last week records one suicide. The victim was a young man, twenty-two years of age, who returned to his home late on the night of the 2d instant, taking immediately before or after reaching his home a quantity of laudanum. Previous to retiring he called up his mother and informed her what he had done, but in order to prevent her sending for a physician he assured her that he had not taken a sufficient quantity of laudanum to kill him. It was not long, however, before the mother ascertained that she had been deceived. A physician was sent for, but the fatal drug had done its work. Notwithstanding that every effort was made to save the life of the young man he died before morning. For about two months previous to his death the deceased had been in the habit of visiting some of the many gambling houses of this city, and had become intoxicated with the game, lost large sums of money, and at last, in a moment of desperation, committed the act we have recorded.—*Boston Post.*

Fillmore's Movements at New York.—It is said the Government has been informed that there are enrolled in New York two thousand men and boys for a new foray upon Cuba—whose haunts and places of rendezvous are well known, and of whose movements and intentions the Government is well informed. Despatches have gone on from Washington to the officers of the Government in New York for a complete and effectual execution of the neutrality laws, and for obedience to all our treaty obligations, and to the law of nations. A dispatch from Washington adds: "The movements of the United States ships of war in New York have reference to the execution of our own law, as well as the enforcement of the treaties with Cuba. The President will do his duty, and his whole duty, inflexibly, just as he did before, without fear of favor. The U. S. Army and Navy forces in New York will probably be put under the order of the U. S. District Attorney, if they are deemed necessary for the enforcement of our laws."

A Pelican in our Waters.—Robert Taylor, of Millerstown, Perry county, shot a pelican, in the Juniata dam, at Millerstown, two or three weeks ago, that measures eight feet from tip to tip of wings, and four feet ten inches from the end of the beak to the toes. This is a rare bird in our waters, seemed to have no company, and was found by Mr. Taylor, swimming about amongst the same gale.

Strange Delusion.—An individual in New York, named Augustus C. Lewis, became possessed of the idea that he could walk across the East river, on Saturday, and accordingly started from the foot of Eighty-sixth street; but he had not proceeded far, when the water gave way, and the deluded traveler fell in, and was rescued by a policeman. He was insane, of course.

Served him Right.—Stephen Chennault was convicted and fined one thousand dollars at the last term of Limestone Circuit Court, Ala., for whipping his wife. He is at present in prison, and unless he "forks over," which there is no possibility of his doing, will be likely to remain there for some time to come.

THE ADAMS SENTINEL AND GENERAL ADVERTISER.

POSTSCRIPT.

ANOTHER GREAT MAN FALLEN!

DEATH OF DANIEL WEBSTER!

Telegraphic despatches on Friday from Marshfield, Mr. Webster's place of residence in Massachusetts, convey the painful intelligence that this distinguished Statesman was fast sinking, and no hopes were entertained of his surviving through the day—and there is no doubt of his death ere this. His disease was a chronic diarrhoea, terminating in inflammation of the bowels.

The latest despatch was 8 o'clock, P. M. of Friday, at which time Mr. Webster was dying, and intelligence reached Baltimore on Saturday morning, that the great Statesman was no more! Thus are passing from earth, in rapid succession, our men of mighty mind! Mr. Webster was a man of gigantic intellect, and has not left his equal behind him. Our country will long feel the loss of such men as have lately passed off the stage of existence.

Large and enthusiastic Scott meetings were held on Saturday, at Bendersville, in Meadell, in the afternoon, and at Middletown, in Butler, in the evening. The great spirit is there, and we suspect "Old Meadell" has her eye upon the Banner.

Gen. Scott returned to Washington on Friday last, from his western tour, in excellent health. He was enthusiastically welcomed home by the citizens of Washington.

Rev. C. P. KRAUTH, Jr., of Winchester, Va., left that place on Thursday last, with his lady, to spend six or seven months in Santa Cruz, one of the West India Islands, for the benefit of the health of Mrs. Krauth. His pulpit is to be filled during his absence by Rev. MILTON VALENTINE, of the Gettysburg Theological Seminary.

A fire occurred at Troy, (N. Y.) on Friday last, which destroyed six dwelling houses and six stables. The stables contained, at the time, 70 horses, 65 of which were burned!

George Zimmerman, a young man known in Baltimore as a celebrated boxer and pugilist, distinguished also for his lawless propensities, was stabbed to the heart at 10 o'clock, on Friday last, in Holliday street, by a backman named Sludden, in an affray. He died instantly. Another man was also fatally stabbed by Sludden.

Terrible Shipwreck. Total loss of the American Ship Mobile, and Seventy-two Lives.—We regret to have to record the total loss of the ship Mobile, Capt. Torbox, of Bath, (Me.) and from New Orleans for Liverpool, 27th ultimo, with a crew of twenty-three hands and sixty passengers, all of whom, with the exception of nine, perished. The Mobile sailed from the Mersey, on Tuesday morning, with a fair wind, and made good progress throughout the day. At midnight the captain went below, leaving the second mate in charge, with orders to steer west-south-west and to call him (the captain) at two o'clock, or sooner, if the weather became threatening. At midnight the wind was blowing a fresh breeze from the east-northeast, with a heavy sea, which soon increased to a violent gale.

On the captain coming on deck at two o'clock, he found the ship on a lee shore, from which it was impossible to extricate her, the second mate having, it is said, mistaken his orders, and kept the ship on a west-north-west course. At half past two she struck heavily on Arklow Bank, and shortly afterwards commenced to break up. Efforts were made to launch the boats, but in consequence of the high sea, they were fruitless. A few hours after the vessel struck the weather moderated, and at 11 o'clock on Thursday morning two schooners were in sight and immediately bore down to the wreck.

One of them bound to Glasgow, took off four sailors and the only surviving passenger, and the other took the remaining four sailors, and landed them at Wexford, whence they have been forwarded to Liverpool. As an instance of the little chance it was thought there was of any one on board being saved, an incident occurred which is worth relating. In the cabin was a lady passenger, who had upwards of £500 in her possession, which she offered to one of the sailors; but he rejected the proffered gift, as he would have no chance to use it. In a few moments a sea swept the lady overboard. The sailor, however, was among the saved.

Capt. Torbox and all hands exerted themselves to the utmost to save the ship, until one after another they were washed away and perished. The Mobile was 1000 tons burden, and nearly new.

Immediately on the news of the catastrophe reaching Dublin, the American Consul hastened to the spot, and rendered what assistance he could to the survivors. The Swedish Vice Consul is also spoken of as having acted with kindness.

Brutal Accident.—We learn that a most fatal accident occurred on the afternoon of the 11th, at the Trenton Railroad Crossing, near Hickley's Landing on the Delaware. As the one-horse stage, which carries passengers from said landing into Birtley, was proceeding to the latter place, having as passengers, Mr. James Ogilby, a highly respectable citizen of Bensalem, and Miss Floyd, of the same township, and as it approached the railroad crossing, the driver was repeatedly warned of the approach of the locomotive, but persisting in his attempt to cross the track before the locomotive, and putting his horse to the gallop, the stage was struck by the engine, completely demolishing it, and instantly killing Mr. Ogilby and Miss Floyd, and badly injuring the driver. Mr. O.'s body was dragged about one hundred yards, and was so torn and interlocked in one of the wheels of the locomotive, that it took twenty minutes to release it. Miss F.'s body was almost cut in two.—*German-town Tel.*

Awful Death.

We learn that Mrs. Switzer, wife of Mr. James Switzer, residing a few miles from Westminster, whilst gathering apples from a tree on Wednesday of last week, fell and broke her neck, causing death instantly. Her husband, finding sick, there was not force enough about the house to remove her, and she laid at the tree until assistance was secured in the neighborhood.—*Carroll-tonian.*

A late California letter notes a sale of burr mill stones, the only twosets in the country, at \$800 per pair.

The Austrian government has issued an order prohibiting public functionaries from wearing beards or imperials. Moderate sized whiskers and mustachios are permitted.

From the Chambersburg (Pa.) Whig. The success of Nixon's Tetter Ointment in this county, in curing many inveterate cases of Tetter, Ringworm, Itch, &c., so speedily and so surely, certainly relieves it from the odium of being called a humbug. This is more than we can say of most patent medicines.

For sale by S. H. Buehler, Gettysburg; Samuel Berlin, Littlestown; John Busbey, McShenker; Matthew Eichelberger, Aboltsdown; and J. H. & Z. Aulabaugh, East Berlin.

"DIGEST." Such is the true meaning of the word "digest," or of the two Greek words from which it is derived. "The Digestive Food," or Gastric Juice, prepared by Dr. J. S. Houghton, of Philadelphia, from the fourth Stomach of the Ox, for the cure of Indigestion and Dyspepsia. It is Nature's own remedy for an unhealthy Stomach. No art of man can equal its curative powers. It renders Good Eating perfectly consistent with Health. See the figure of the Ox, in another page of this paper.

Baltimore Price Current.

| | |
|--------------|--------------|
| Flour. | 4 31 to 4 37 |
| Wheat. | 96 to 1 04 |
| Rye. | 76 to 80 |
| Corn. | 65 to 73 |
| Oats. | 38 to 40 |
| Best Cattle. | 5 00 to 5 75 |

Married.

On the 21st inst., by the Rev. J. Ulrich, Mr. JAMES DAVIS, to Miss MARIA WITMER—both of Cumberland county.

On the same day, by the same, Mr. JOHN M. GULDEN, to Miss REBECCA SHEELY—all of this county.

On the same day, by the same, Mr. JOHN RAFFENBERGER, to Miss LYDIA ANN DEARDORFF—all of this county.

On the 19th inst., by Rev. F. Scheurer, Mr. LEWIS BROWN, to Miss LUCINDA GROVE, of York county.

Died.

On the 1st inst., in Des Moines county, Iowa, Mrs. JULIA GROUP, wife of Mr. Ludwig Group, formerly of Huntington township, Adams county, in the 75th year of her age.

In Perry county, Pa., on the 12th inst., Mr. ANDREW WALKER, formerly of this county, aged 85 years.

Wanted Immediately.

AN APPRENTICE TO THE MILLERIES BUSINESS. A young man not less than 18 years of age, would be preferred. Apply to the subscriber, at Trostle's Mill, on Marsh-creek. J. W. WEIGLE.

Oct. 25. 1f

FOR RENT.

A DWELLING, & NEW STORE-HOUSE, SITUATED IN CASH-TOWN, Adams county. It is an old stand, and is suitable for a single or married man. Possession given on the 1st day of April next. For further information inquire of the subscriber residing thereon.

Oct. 25. 2m

PUBLIC SALE.

WILL be exposed to Public sale, at the late residence of JOHN PLANK, Jr., dec'd., in Cumberland township, Adams county, On Thursday the 4th of November next, at 10 o'clock, the Personal Property of said deceased, to wit:

4 Colts, Mule Cows and Young Cattle, Hogs, Shoats and Pigs, Wagons, a new four horse one, a Farm do., and a one-horse do., Horse Gears, Threshing Machine and Horse-Power, Cloverseed, Harness, a revolving Horse-Rake, Ploughs, Harrows and Cultivators, Dismantled, Sled, &c.; also, a large quantity of

Wheat, Rye, Corn, and Oats by the bushel; also, Clover and Timothy seed by the bushel; Flour by the barrel; Hay by the ton; Corn Fodder by the shock; Wheat and Rye in the ground; also,

HOUSEHOLD & KITCHEN FURNITURE, viz: Bed, Table and Chairs, Iron Kettle, Barrels and Tubs, and a great variety of other articles too tedious to mention. Attendance given, and terms made known by

GEORGE WEAVER, Jr., Adm'r.

Oct. 25. 1d

HATHAWAY STOVE FOR SALE.

No. 2—Original Cost \$45.

It is in good condition, with all the usual fixtures, has been used but two years, and will be sold for little more than half price. Inquire at this Office.

Oct. 25.

NOTICE TO COLLECTORS.

THE Collectors of Taxes in the different Townships in Adams county are hereby notified that they are required to make collection of Taxes, and to pay the same over to the Treasurer of the County, on or before the 15th day of November next.

JOHN MUSSELMAN, Jr.,

JACOB GRIEST,

ABRAHAM REVER, Clerk.

Attest—J. A. AUSTIN, Notary Public.

Oct. 15. 1d

The Paupers Laws PASSED at the last session of the Legislature of Pennsylvania, have been received at this office, and are ready to distribution to those authorized to receive them.

WM. W. PAXTON, Printer.

Prothonotary's Office Gettysburg, Oct. 15, 1852. 2f

NOTICE.

Estate of John Plank, jun. deceased. LETTERS of Administration on the Estate of JOHN PLANK, JR., late of Cumberland township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the subscriber, residing in Strabon township, he hereby gives notice to all those indebted to said estate to call and settle the same; and those having claims, are requested to present them, properly authenticated, for settlement.

GEO. WEAVER, Adm'r.

Oct. 18. 6f

HANOVER BRANCH RAILROAD.

ARRANGEMENTS FOR THE PRESENT.

THE regular Passenger Trains over this Road now run as follows, viz:

The Morning Train leaves the Depot in Hanover at 8 o'clock, A. M., and connecting with the Express Train at the Junction—arriving in Baltimore at 11 A. M. Returning, leaves Baltimore at 8 o'clock, A. M., arriving at Hanover, 12 o'clock, M.

AFTERNOON TRAIN.

Leaves the Depot in Hanover at 4 o'clock, P. M., arriving in Baltimore at 7 o'clock, P. M. Returning leaves Baltimore at 4 o'clock, P. M., and arriving in Hanover at 7 o'clock, P. M. Passengers going to York will take the Morning Train from Hanover—arriving there at 9 o'clock, A. M. Returning leaves York in the afternoon—arriving in Hanover at 8 o'clock, P. M. Fare from Hanover to Baltimore \$1.50, and to York and back \$1.

EDWARD E. YOUNG, Agent.

Oct. 18. 1f

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given to all Legatees and other persons concerned, that the ADMINISTRATION ACCOUNTS of the deceased persons hereinafter mentioned, will be presented at the Orphan's Court of Adams county, for confirmation and allowance, on Monday the 15th day of November next, viz:

79. The first and final account of John Patterson and George W. Patterson, Executors of the last will and testament of Geo. Patterson, dec'd.

80. The first account of James Dobbin, Administrator de bonis non with the will annexed, of Alexander Dobbin, deceased.

81. The first account of Geo. Culp and Daniel Culp, Executors of the estate of Christian Culp, deceased.

82. The first account of Elizabeth Agnew and Moses McLean, Executors of David Agnew, deceased.

83. The first account of Aaron L. Bishop, Administrator of Jacob Bishop, deceased.

84. The account of A. L. Keoperts, Administrator of Daniel Keoperts, deceased.

85. The first and final account of Henry Beamer, Administrator of George Beamer, deceased.

86. The first account of Philip Steffen, Executor of the last will and testament of Adam Steffen, sen., deceased.

DANIEL PLANK, Register.

Register's Office, Gettysburg, Oct. 18, 1852. 3f

HUNTERSTOWN.

English and Classical Academy.

THE first session of this Institution will open on Wednesday the 3d of November next.

Mr. JOHN H. CLARK, President of this Academy, is a graduate of Jefferson College, and comes bearing the very highest testimonials, both as a scholar and a gentleman, and a man fully competent for his work. The Trustees have determined to spare no pains to have the Institution take a high position, both as regards its scientific and religious character, and to make it deserving of the patronage of the religious public.

Boarding can be had in the village, in respectable and religious families, on very reasonable terms.

Tuition will vary from Eight to Twelve Dollars, per session of five months, in proportion to the advancement of the pupil.

It is important for all students intending to enter this Institution, to be present at the opening of the session. Those desiring further information, can address Rev. Isaac N. Hays, President of the Board of Trustees.

The above Institution will be opened with an appropriate address by Rev. Rufus Jones, of Gettysburg. Exercises to commence at 11 o'clock, A. M., on Wednesday the 3d of November, at which time the Academy building will be consecrated to the various purposes for which it has been erected. The public are respectfully invited to be present on the occasion.

Oct. 11. 1f

BANKRUPTCY.

Bank of Gettysburg, 3f

NOTICE is hereby given to the Stockholders in the Bank of Gettysburg, that an Election for TRUSTEES DIRECTORS, to serve one year, will be held at the Banking house on Monday the 15th day of November next.

Oct. 11. 1d

TURNPIKE ELECTION.

THE Stockholders in the Gettysburg and Potomac Turnpike Company will take notice that an ELECTION will be held in Gettysburg, on Monday the 5th of November next, for the purpose of choosing, by a majority of the said Stockholders, by ballot, to be delivered in person, or by proxy duly authorized, One President, six Members, and One Treasurer, and such other officers as shall be deemed necessary to conduct the business of said Company for the ensuing year.

Oct. 11. 1d

NOTICE.

Estate of Mary Lough, deceased. LETTERS Testamentary on the Estate of MARY LOUGH, late of Oxford township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the subscriber, residing in Hamilton township, Adams county, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate, to call and settle the same, and those having claims are desired to present them, properly authenticated, for settlement.

Oct. 11. 1d

NOTICE.

LETTERS of Administration on the Estate of JOHN MUSSELMAN, sen., late of Hamilton township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the subscriber, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate, to call and settle the same, and those having claims are desired to present them, properly authenticated, for settlement.

Oct. 11. 1d

FARMENSTOCK & SONS.

ARE now opening the largest, prettiest and best selected STOCK of GOODS ever before offered.

Oct. 4. 1f

LADIES!

I have just received a very large lot of M. DE LAINES, which I will sell below cost, at our house on the Cornhill. Call and examine them, as it is no trouble to show goods.

Oct. 4. 1f

409 MEN WANTED.

TO be engaged to call and examine FARMENSTOCK & SONS' large and beautiful stock of Dress Goods, consisting of New de Laines, Merinos, De Laines, Domestic, Tissue Cloths, Groceries, Linens, Canton Cloths, Alpaca, also Black and Fancy Dress Suits and Satins, all sold cheap, at the

Oct. 11. SIGN OF THE RED FRONT

THE LADIES.

ARE required to call and examine FARMENSTOCK & SONS' large and beautiful stock of Dress Goods, consisting of New de Laines, Merinos, De Laines, Domestic, Tissue Cloths, Groceries, Linens, Canton Cloths, Alpaca, also Black and Fancy Dress Suits and Satins, all sold cheap, at the

ADDRESS OF THE WHIG COUNTY COMMITTEE.

To the Friends of Gen. Scott in Adams County.

FELLOW CITIZENS:—A deep conviction of the great importance of the approaching Presidential Election constitutes our apology for thus publicly addressing a few suggestions to those who desire the election of WINFIELD SCOTT and WM. A. GRAHAM to the Presidency and Vice Presidency of these United States. While there is nothing in the results of the State elections that have just been held to discourage the well-grounded hope that the people of this great Republic will stand by the eminent Hero and Soldier who has so long stood by them; there is yet sufficient to induce the conviction that our opponents are up and doing, and that the friends of Gen. Scott must work if they wish to succeed.

Pennsylvania has given a decided majority for the Opposition State candidates. We need not stop to inquire into the cause that have superinduced this result, nor to discuss the propriety of the local and illegitimate issues that were introduced into and influenced the canvass through which we have just passed—issues that cannot and will not affect the Presidential Election. An examination of the returns will show how badly our friends were crippled in Lancaster, Dauphin, Union, Lebanon, Franklin, Allegheny, Erie, Philadelphia, Chester, and other strong Whig Districts, by the Temperance question and other local issues. The above Counties alone can, with a full Whig vote, on a Presidential issue, give an increased Whig majority of at least 13,000 over that cast at the late election; that they will do so for Gen. Scott, we have no question. And this is but a fair statement of what may be expected, to a greater or less degree from the rest of the State, in which the Opposition vote has been fully brought out, while not less than 30,000 Whig voters were absent from the polls. It is only in great and important national issues that anything like a full Whig vote can be developed, as the past political history of the country most fully proves. In October, 1848, the Whig candidate for Canal Commissioner was beaten 3,000, and yet in four weeks thereafter the State was carried for Gen. Taylor by over 13,000 majority. Pennsylvania has never yet failed to rally to the support of those who have faithfully served their country upon the field of battle. In October, 1832, the Jackson party sustained an apparent defeat, and yet, in November of the same year, Gen. Jackson received a majority of 30,000. Harrison and Taylor were carried triumphantly into power by the aid of Pennsylvania; and why shall our glorious old Commonwealth now, for the first time, refuse to do homage to the defender of the Nation's honor, and the promoter of the Nation's glory.

OHIO has given ample evidence, in her Whig gain of 15,000, of a determination to join Pennsylvania and New York in casting the electoral votes of the three great States of the Union, in favor of the Hero of Niagara and Mexico.

FLORIDA, too, hitherto given up as an Opposition State, has unexpectedly, in a single effort, wheeled into the Whig line, and gives cheering evidence that the tide has turned in favor of Gen. Scott. In the Southern States, Maryland, Tennessee, North Carolina, Kentucky, Louisiana, and Florida are now regarded as certain, while those are entertained even of Virginia. The electoral votes of these States, added to what Gen. Scott will receive in the North and West, we firmly believe will make him the next President of this Republic.

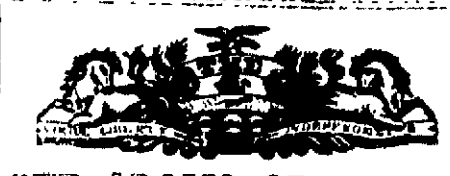
While such are our convictions, however, we are free to confess that this greatly to be desired result is only to be secured by active, unceasing efforts on the part of his friends—such an effort as shall develop the FULL VOTE OF THE WHIG PARTY, and secure for him the suffrages of that portion of the Opposition who admire him for his brilliant achievements and love him for his noble deeds. In view of the great importance of the issues involved in the present canvass—the deep debt of gratitude due to the distinguished Hero and Statesman who, by a long series of brilliant civil and military services, has contributed so much to the glory of the Republic—and the honor and interest of our common country—may we not appeal to every friend of WINFIELD SCOTT to make active, unceasing, personal exertion from this time until the polls shall have closed on the 24 day of November. This done by the friends of Scott throughout the State, and we firmly believe it will be our privilege to announce a brilliant victory for our candidate.

With a view of stimulating the friends of Scott and Graham throughout the County to a generous rivalry in behalf of the cause, we have the pleasure of announcing that the Committee is authorized to present a PRIZE BANNER, prepared by the Ladies of Gettysburg, to each Election District as shall, at the approaching election, give to Gen. Scott the largest proportional increased vote over that cast for Gen. Taylor in 1848—the increase to be in proportion to the whole number of votes cast in each district at the approaching election—provided, that in consequence of the division in Menallen and Butler townships since 1848, said townships shall be regarded as one district.

COUNTY COMMITTEE.

On Tuesday last, Mr. MICKLEY, the County Commissioner elect, was qualified and entered upon the discharge of his official duties. Major NISSEMAN, the retiring Commissioner, takes with him not only the esteem of his late co-laborers in the Board, but the full confidence of the public, in view of the ability, integrity and general acceptableness with which his official career has been marked. Mr. MICKLEY, we have no question, will prove himself a worthy successor.

The new Board organized on Tuesday by appointing Mr. GRIFFIN President, and selecting Mr. ACHINBAUGH clerk. Wm. H. STEVENSON, Esq., was appointed ex-officio from A. R. STEVENSON, dec'd.—Soc.



THE ADAMS SENTINEL.

GETTYSBURG:

Monday, October 25, 1852.

Whig Standard Bearers.

For President, WINFIELD SCOTT, OF NEW JERSEY.

For Vice President, WILLIAM A. GRAHAM, OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

FOR PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.

James Pollock, Samuel A. Purviance, Alexander E. Brown, DISTRICT ELECTORS.

1. William F. Hughes, 13. N. Middleswarth, 2. James Traquair, 14. James H. Campbell, 3. John W. Stokes, 15. James D. Freelon, 4. John P. Yerger, 16. James K. Davidson, 5. Spencer McVane, 17. John Williamson, 6. James W. Fuller, 18. Ralph Drake, 7. James Penrose, 19. John Linton, 8. John Shaffler, 20. Archib'd Robertson, 9. Jacob Marshall, 21. Thomas J. Bigham, 10. Charles P. Waller, 22. Lewis L. Lord, 11. Davis Alton, 23. Christian Meyers, 12. Mahlon C. Mercer, 24. Darwin Phelps.

Prize Banner.

It will be seen by the Address of the County Committee, that an elegant Banner, prepared by the Ladies of Gettysburg, is to be presented to the District which will give, on the 2d Nov., the heaviest proportional increased vote for Gen. Scott over that cast for Gen. Taylor in 1848. The banner is a beautiful one, and is worth contending for. It is a glorious rivalry, Whigs! Strive hard for the victory!

GOOD NEWS!

Was the exclamation of a friend to us on Saturday. Ah! we inquired—what is that? Why "that licking we got the other day, is first-rate news—for it has completely licked up the Whigs—and we shall be ready to pay the Pierce-men in their own coin, with interest!" Now, there is a good deal of truth in this. It is very evident from the news from different parts of the State, that the Whigs were beaten only through their own indolence—and that more than enough of them, by thousands, staid at home to have turned the election. They have just become sensible of this, and are now up and doing, backing on their armor, and preparing for that great fight, in which "SCOTT LEADS THE COLUMN!" Our late defeat, then, was really for our good, and the good of the cause. Strike, then, Whigs, for your glorious old chieftain, and your glorious principles!

We have not yet received a complete official return of the late election, but presume will be able to give it next week.

We have in type a list of the members elect of the Legislature of Pennsylvania—but are obliged to defer it till next week.

We neglected to mention, last week, that Mr. FRANCIS B. DAVIS has started a paper in Littlestown, in this County—neutral in politics. We wish him success.

The farm belonging to Mr. Samuel Diller, situated near Littlestown, was sold at public sale, on Monday week, at \$64 00 per acre, amounting to nearly \$13,000.—Purchaser, Mr. Daniel Bashore.

Mammoth Radish.

Our cotemporaries have been bragging lustily of their large Radishes; but they are very far thrown into the shade by a real "Old Chip" of a fellow, which our townsman, Mr. George C. Stickbouser, has left at our office. It measures 30 inches in circumference, and weighs 9 pounds! Beat that, boys, if you can!

Hanover Branch Railroad.

On Friday last the opening of this Road was celebrated at Hanover. The number of persons assembled on the occasion was very large. Amongst those present were the Mayor and Councils of Baltimore, and others from that city, and from York, Westminster, Gettysburg, and other surrounding towns. A sumptuous dinner was prepared—divers speeches made—and all passed off, we believe, pretty well and satisfactorily.

Horrible Death!

A woman named Catherine Myers, residing with Daniel P. Lange, of Hanover, was found dead in her yard on the morning of the 17th inst. She had evidently been burnt to death, as her clothes were entirely consumed, and the whole body from head to foot was burnt to a crisp; but how or what time in the night the shocking event occurred, it was impossible to ascertain.—Mr. Lange, and a man named Clark, who were the only inmates of the house, say they knew nothing about it.

We regret to learn that the Cholera again broke out in Chambersburg a few days ago, and that several deaths had occurred. We have not heard from thence for a few days just—but hope it has again ceased.

The Northtown papers announce the death of John B. Stierger, formerly a Representative in Congress from Pennsylvania.

The Cleveland Maindealer says a boy named James Franklin came to his death, a few days ago, by eating a quart or two of chestnuts.

PUBLIC MEETINGS.

The County Committee have given notice that Public Meetings will be held at the following times and places:

Monday, Oct. 25, at the house of John Busby, in M'Shierrystown, at 1 o'clock.

Thursday, Oct. 28, at Beamer's School-house, Menallen township, at 1 o'clock.

Same day, at the house of Daniel Brough, Franklin township, at 6 o'clock.

Saturday, Oct. 30, in Littlestown, at 1 o'clock.

Same day, at the house of Jesse D. Newman, Mounjoy township, at 6 o'clock.

The last Grand Rally, on Monday, Nov. 1, at the Court-house, in Gettysburg, at 6 o'clock, P. M.

Two or more Speakers will be present to address each of the above meetings. The Freeman of all parties are invited to attend and hear the merits and claims of the Presidential candidates canvassed.

Congressional Election.—Official.

| | Russell. | Danner. |
|-----------|----------|---------|
| Adams, | 3052 | 1733 |
| Franklin, | 3412 | 3076 |
| Belmont, | 2937 | 2915 |
| Juniata, | 1033 | 1720 |
| Fulton, | 652 | 779 |
| | 9216 | 8815 |
| | 8545 | |

Russell's majority, 371.

In the Sulphur Spring district, in Franklin County, doubtless by some mistake, no votes were returned for Mr. DANNER. His party vote there was 39.

Member of Congress Elected.

1. Thomas B. Florence, 11. Galusha A. Grow, 2. Joseph R. Chandler, 12. James Gamble, 3. John Robbins, Jr., 13. William H. Kurtz, 4. William H. White, 14. Samuel L. Russell, 5. John McNair, 15. John M. Culloch, 6. William A. Leach, 16. Augustus Druan, 7. Samuel A. Bridges, 17. John L. Dawson, 8. H. A. Muhlenberg, 18. David Richter, 9. Isaac E. Herter, 19. Thomas S. Hoot, 10. No Middlewarth, 20. Michael C. Trout, 11. Christian W. Straub, 21. Carlisle C. Curtis, 12. H. B. Wright, 22. John Dick, 13. A. A. Parker.

Ohio for Scott.

The Cincinnati Gazette of the 14th inst. says: "We think it now settled—a fixed fact—that the twenty-three votes of Ohio will be given to Gen. Scott. His strength is greater in the State—much greater—than that of our State ticket at the late election. All who voted the Whig ticket at our general election will vote for Scott electors; and many that voted against us at the recent election will vote with us for Scott and Graham. Our friends in Ohio know, and our friends elsewhere may rest assured, that Ohio is for Scott and Graham, for the Union, for internal improvements, for protection to our own labor, for peace, and the prosperity and happiness of the people."

Samuel Galloway, Whig, loses the return from the Columbus District by fourteen votes, but will contest the return of Mr. Olds, on the ground that nineteen votes cast for him in Madison township were blunderingly placed in the Assessor's box, and thus rejected, when, if counted, they would have given the return to Galloway.

A great revival is in progress in the Methodist Church in Winchester, Va. The number of conversions already is set down at 120, of whom, up to Monday night last, 105 had connected themselves with the Church upon probation.

The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company have disposed of their old station on Pratt street, Baltimore, for \$80,000, and have purchased a new station including three entire squares between Eutaw and Howard streets, comprising a length of about 1100 feet, including Conway and Barre streets, which the Company have the privilege of arbing; the width is 330 feet. The cost of the new station, when completed, will not fall short of \$309,000. This change is made to accommodate the largely increased traffic expected to be consequent upon the completion of the road to Wheeling, which they hope to have finished by the 1st of January, thus having a continuous railway 320 miles in extent, from Baltimore to the Ohio.

The Washington National Monument is now about 118 feet high, and will reach 120 feet at the close of the present season. The funds are falling short, and the structure cannot be carried up unless a more enthusiastic and public spirited effort is made by the American people.

The State Agricultural Fair at Lancaster last week was attended by an immense concourse of people. It was estimated that at least 30,000 strangers visited the Fair on Thursday, and the streets of Lancaster were literally jammed by people.

From Europe.

New York, Oct. 21st.—The steamer Europa has arrived, with Liverpool dates of the 19th inst.

The French Senate had been summoned to assemble on important business on the day of Napoleon's return to Paris. It was supposed that a movement was contemplated on behalf of the empire.

During a religious festival at Kolna, in Galicia, some thieves set fire to a Jewish synagogue for the purpose of plunder, and in the confusion thirty six ladies, most of whom were of high rank, were carried to death.

An attempt had been made to assassinate the Shah of Persia, in which he received two wounds. Two of the assassins were cut to pieces by the guards, and two of them captured alive.

Correspondence of the "Adams Sentinel."

Pittsburg, Oct. 18, 1852.

Mr. HARRIS:—The result of the late election in this County, may have a tendency to dishearten a portion of the Whig party abroad, who have not the means of ascertaining the true cause for the falling off of our vote and majority. The election for our County officers was one of unusual excitement, the Sheriffalty absorbing everything else. The famous Joe Barker, who was elected Mayor of our City whilst an inmate of the County jail, and at the expiration of his term of office, was sent back again, was a candidate for the very responsible office of High Sheriff, and to our everlasting shame and disgrace, he received 4,000 votes. This can only be accounted for, from the fact, that neither the Whig nor Democratic candidates were popular in their own party. This circumstance, together with the suicidal course of the so-called temperance men, brought about the most singular result. The temperance men managed to defeat one of the Whig candidates for the Legislature, who voted for the Maine law last winter, and elected a Locofoco, who is said to be opposed to the law. The balance of the ticket was elected by majorities ranging from 250 to 800. These very trifling majorities, on the eve of the Presidential election, in a district that is pledged to give Gen. Scott 4,000 majority, must very naturally cause Whigs who are unacquainted with the facts, to tremble for Scott in Pennsylvania. But let me say here, that if the balance of the State will do as well as Allegheny County,—all will be well. My object in this communication is to give you some facts in relation to the vote of last Tuesday. In the first place, we all know, that it is only on great occasions, such as a Presidential election, that the whole Whig force is available. To show you to what an extent "general apathy" prevailed in our ranks, it will be necessary to introduce figures. The vote polled at the last Presidential election in this County, was 17,483. Taylor 10,112; Cass 6,392; Van Buren 779; Taylor's majority over Cass 3,820. The vote on the 12th inst. was but 13,039; a falling off of 4,444—added to this number the natural increase, and it will be apparent that at least 4,000 votes were not polled, of which, at the lowest estimate, 3,000 were Whigs.—This conclusion is warranted by the following facts, as shown by figures.—Whilst Taylor's vote was 10,112, Buffington falls short of it 2,349, he having received but 7,763. Hoffman falls short of Taylor 8,010, he having received but 7,102 votes.—Now let us turn to the Locofoco table. Cass received in 1848, 6,392 votes. Judge Woodward received on last Tuesday 6,353, only 33 less than Cass. Hopkins, the Democratic Carol Commissioner, falls short of Cass but 110 votes. You will observe that the Democrats polled their full vote, while the Whig vote is shamefully less than their strength. I think I may safely say, that the vote in this County at the coming election will reach 19,000, of which Gen. Scott will receive 11,500, and may be 12,000.—The Democrats cannot increase their vote much over that of Tuesday last. Their votes that were not out will be nearly balanced by those that voted with them then, that will vote for Scott. The Opposition vote, including the Free-soilers, cannot be beyond 7,500 votes in the County. The above is a plain statement, and I think fully justifies the Whigs in pledging Allegheny for the 4,000 majority. I feel satisfied we will make good our pledge. We certainly have it in our power to do it. The "Young Guard" is expected to do her duty "to the tune" of at least 500. Will she do it? It.

Yes, she will.—Adams Sentinel.

The Real Question Before the People.

Scott and the American Flag, or Pierce and the British Flag.

The election for President, that is just at hand, will be the true test of patriotism over the country.

Scott is the American Candidate and the Standard Bearer of the American Flag, which he has valiantly and gloriously sustained on numerous battle-fields.

Pierce is the British candidate, sustains British interests, and his friends rally under the British Lion.

The friends of Scott bear aloft the American Eagle, and go for American interests—American Coal, American Iron, American victories, American work-shops, American workmen, American commerce, American Internal Improvements, American Manufactures of all kinds, and for keeping American gold and silver at home.

Pierce goes for British interests, British Manufactures, British iron, British coal, British work-shops, British workmen, British commerce, and for sending all our gold and silver to pay for British goods, and British wages and laborers; and against improvements of our Rivers and Harbors.

These are, in brief, the platforms on which the two parties stand, and the principles which they avow. Let every man, native or naturalized, choose which they will support—whether Scott and the American Eagle, and American interests—or Pierce and the British Lion and British interests. These are the distinctive principles on which the two parties stand. Let every man examine and choose for himself and like the position he wishes to hold before the American people on the great issue before him. As for the friends of Scott who made the British Lion to bite the dust, they will be found under the broad wings of the American Eagle, that flag so proudly borne aloft by their great and glorious leader. Let those who grasp the British standard stand from under.—Hos. 7-1.

The Belfast (Ireland) Banner.

announces the death of Rev. Robert Stewart, B. D., the distinguished minister of the Presbyterian Church, Broughshane, County Antrim. Dr. Stewart was the ablest man in the Irish Presbyterian Church.

Seven children were baptized in Broom on Sunday week, by Rev. Dr. Young, with water which was brought from the river Jordan, by the late Lieut. Dale, of the U. S. Exploring Expedition.

Friends of Scott, to your Posts!

The welfare of our country calls upon the friends of Gen. Scott to be all at their posts. Every one, remarks the Telegraph, should feel himself as a member of a committee of vigilance, determined to do his duty once more for his country, and for that glorious old Chieftain who never faltered in the hour of danger—who met trials and difficulties with that determined resolution that overcame them all, and crowned his efforts and his country with victory. To your duty, then, friends of Scott, Graham, and the Constitution, and follow, with unflinching energy, the example of your brave leader. If you do this, one and all, there need be no fear of the result. The State and the Union will go for Scott with a triumphant majority.

We need only say to the friends of Gen. Scott, that if they make use of the same exertions that have been, and are being made, by his opponents, by canvassing every district, and bringing EVERY VOTE TO THE POLLS, they will be certain of victory.

All that is needed is thorough organization, concerted and energetic action, and the bringing of every voter to the polls. Let this be done in every ward, township and School district in Pennsylvania, and Gen. Scott is as certain of getting the vote of the State as was Gen. Harrison in 1840, and Gen. Taylor in 1848. Friends of Scott, one and all, we tell you it can be done, and we trust that you will go to work and do it.

The returns of the recent elections in Pennsylvania and Ohio, as they come in officially, show quite a different aspect from previous reports. From present indications, the last year's Democratic majority in Ohio will be reduced some 15,000 or 18,000, leaving probably not over 8,000 Democratic majority on the State ticket. Every intelligent Whig may now see clearly that, when Gen. SCOTT comes directly before the people, Ohio will go for him by a very large majority.

In Pennsylvania, too, there were local causes which operated in favor of the opposition, and taking into our account that the Whig vote is nearly 30,000 short, and when we see that wherever there was a spirited contest the Whigs gained largely, it is reasonable and just to believe, when the Presidential contest takes place, and every Whig turns out, that the present comparatively trifling majority will be overcome. There is no cause for discouragement. For my own part, I have stronger hope for the triumphant election of Gen. Scott than I have had at any previous period since his nomination. Pennsylvania, Ohio, and New York will go for him, and with them he is certain to be President. Maryland is as safe for the Whigs as it ever was. The recent Democratic victory in Baltimore is well understood here, and Democrats who console themselves by it will be terribly deceived.

Nat. Int.

Now that the State election, with its local complications, is over, says the North American, we are called upon to prepare for that important struggle upon which depends the triumph of pure principles, and, to a great extent, the peace and prosperity of the Union. Our confidence in this eventful issue is by no means diminished in consequence of the recent result; for it will be found, upon an examination of the returns, that indifference or neglect lost us fully twenty-five thousand votes, which might have been polled with anything like proper effort. And when to this fact is superadded the local causes which operate to our disadvantage, and the coalitions which favored our opponents, it is easily to understand how their temporary triumph was accomplished, and how little it is to be valued as indicating the sound and reliable opinion of this State in regard to the Presidential canvass.

Everybody knows, and every candid adversary will admit, that Gen. Scott is stronger in Pennsylvania, by many thousands, than our party organization. There is not a town or village throughout the entire State in which numbers of honest Democrats cannot be found who openly avow their intention to vote for him, in defiance of all political obligations. And what is true here, is also true elsewhere. The same sentiment pervades the Union, and will find utterance according to Locofocoism on the 24th November.

The full returns of the late election will show that some forty or fifty thousand Whig voters were not out; while not more than one-fourth of that many Locofocos refrained from voting.

A careful examination of the vote in the several counties heard from, satisfies us that if the friends of Gen. Scott all turn out on the second day of November, they can poll fully 100,000 more votes than were given for Buffington or Hoffman on the 12th. This would give the State to Scott and Graham. Of this fact we feel as well assured, as that the sun will rise on that day.

We have no doubt that a majority of the voters of Pennsylvania prefer Scott to Pierce for the Presidency. Let the FULL VOTE of the State be polled, and such will most assuredly be their decision.

Lancaster vs. Berks.—As in tall corn, so in tall majorities, old Berks has to knock under to Lancaster. Berks gives Hegkims 3,624, while Lancaster gives Hoffman 4,208—a difference of 674.

This difference will be in no wise diminished at the Presidential election.

The Battle yet to be Fought.

The extravagant joy which the supporters of Gen. Pierce evince at the seeming success their party friends have gained in recent elections, in Pennsylvania, is evidence that they have no confidence in his election, and that any sign which would give them hope, however feeble, they are ready to rejoice over.

Now that we have got through with our local election, let the Whigs look forward to the coming contest, and prepare to do their duty, taking to heart these words of Daniel Webster, which in 1848 he addressed to the disaffected Whigs of that day: "Overcome your disaffection; relinquish your preferences; forget your disappointments; and strike one united blow for the maintenance of the Whig cause and the good of the country."

Moved by this spirit, and acting on the impulses which such a feeling must give to the great cause with which the success of the election of Gen. Scott is identified, all will yet be well. When we are told of the result of the election in Pennsylvania, feel no despondency, for it should occasion none. The New York Commercial well says, in answer to all suggestions, that Gen. Scott was not a candidate at that election. On the 24th of November he will be.

The Two Elections.

The Boston Atlas well observes, that in no State in the Union does the State election afford so little test of national results, as in Pennsylvania. In 1852, the anti-Jackson men obtained an apparent majority in October. Four weeks after, Jackson swept the State by some thirty thousand majority. Four years ago, the Locos gave their Canal Commissioner several thousand majority at the State election. Three weeks after, Gen. Taylor carried the State by thirteen thousand majority. At the late election, we have a striking evidence how far local influence affected the results.—Thus, Schuylkill county gives 300 Locos majority on the State ticket, yet elects a Whig Senator by 800 majority. Montgomery gives 1160 Locos majority, yet chooses another Whig Senator. Northampton gives Woodward 1243 majority, but chooses two Whig Assemblymen.

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Scott leads the Column!—Forward!

The contest on the 12th for State and County officers, was a mere skirmish, in which, remarks the Examiner, we were worsted by the supineness, local disagreements and want of organization in our own ranks. The grand battle is yet to be fought. The glorious old Hero of a hundred fights, in each of which he has been victorious, will enter the field in person on the 24th of November next. The Whig party of Pennsylvania hail him as their unanimous choice, and will give him their undivided support. There will be no diversity of opinion—no local questions, no aspiring candidates and their friends sowing distraction among his friends, or bargaining with his enemies to defeat his election. The battle will be one for men and for principles as diametrically opposite as the poles. Every politician, every voter, will be known to be on the one side or the other, and not sailing under false colors to accomplish local objects or affect local interests. Under these circumstances we have nothing to fear, and can go into the contest with the brightest hopes of success to our standard.

The name of SCOTT alone is a tower of strength. His brilliant achievements, still fresh in the recollection of his countrymen, will rally to his support all the true patriots of every party and every creed. Pennsylvania is not ungrateful. She has not been so in times past, and will not be so now.—General Harrison carried the State against a more formidable opposition. Gen. Taylor, backed by services to his country by no means so brilliant, triumphed gloriously over the most desperate exertions to procure his defeat. To suppose that the Old Keystone will prove recalcitrant now, and turn his back on one who ever turned his back upon his country's enemies, and whose military achievements fill both hemispheres with admiration, is to suppose an impossibility.—She will not—she cannot be made to do it.

Forward, then, friends of the gallant old Hero—forward! Scott leads the column!—Scott, the youthful Hero, who lead the forlorn hope at Chippewa and Landy's Lane, and redeemed the honor of his country's flag in the darkest hour of battle.—Scott, who was the first to mount the ramparts and spike the British guns of Fort George!—Scott, the Peace-maker, who calmed and quieted the rising spirit of Nullification in the South, and a few years later effected an honorable adjustment of our North-western border difficulties. Scott, the veteran Chieftain, who planned and led the Campaign against Mexico—forced the almost impregnable fortress of Vera Cruz into a capitulation—stormed the heights of Cerro Gordo—defeated and utterly routed the enemy at Contreras, Churubusco, Molino del Rey, Chapultepec—and having driven the enemy before him into the very gates of Mexico, summed up his brilliant succession of victories by entering that ancient city in triumph, and planting the stars and stripes of his country upon the walls of the Montezumas! Shall the noble veteran who achieved this succession of brilliant results be struck down by the slaves of party in his last battle? Forbid it justice, gratitude and patriotism! People of Pennsylvania! "arise!—arise!—shake off the dew-drops that glitter on your garments!" Scott leads the column! Forward to battle, and, as of old, to certain victory under his banner!

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